



SEMESTER END EXAMINATIONS - MARCH 2022

Program : **B.E.: Electrical and Electronics Engineering**
Course Name : **Control Systems**
Course Code : **EE52**

Semester : **V**
Max. Marks : **100**
Duration : **3 Hrs**

Instructions to the Candidates:

- Answer one full question from each unit.

UNIT- I

1. a) Determine the transfer function of a system whose block diagram is as shown in Fig.1(a) using block diagram reduction technique. CO1 (10)

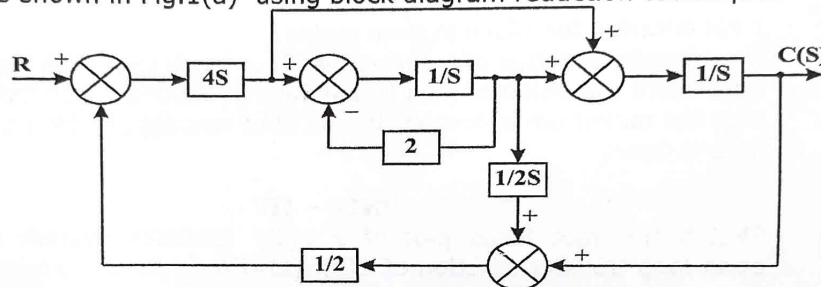


Fig.1(a)

- b) Derive the transfer function of armature controlled DC motor. Also give the block diagram representation for the same. CO1 (10)
2. a) Find $C(s)/R(s)$ for the signal flow graph given below using Mason's Gain formula. CO1 (10)

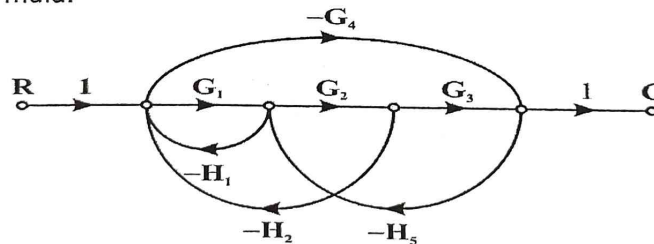


Fig.2(a)

- b) For the electric circuit shown in fig below, evaluate the transfer function $E_o(s)/E_i(s)$. CO1 (06)

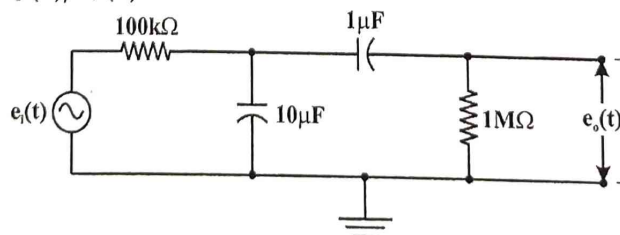


Fig.2(b)

- c) Define the following terms with respect to signal flow graph: CO1 (04)
- Forward path gain
 - Forward loop
 - Mixed node
 - Sink node.

UNIT - II

3. a) Define: i) Rise time ii) Peak time with respect to an under damped system. Hence derive the expression for the same. CO2 (06)
- b) The transfer function of a system is given by $C(s)/R(s) = 9/(s^2+4s+9)$. Compute the output response for unit step input. CO2 (08)
- c) The closed loop transfer function of a second order system is given by $T(s)=25/(S^2+6S+25)$. Determine the damping ratio, peak time and peak overshoot if subjected to unit step input. CO2 (06)
4. a) A flywheel is driven by a motor which develops a torque of 1600Nm/rad. The moment of inertia of the system is 100kgm². The flywheel is controlled by a hand wheel. If the hand wheel is suddenly given a movement through $\pi/4$ radians from rest, calculate the output response of flywheel. The coefficient of viscous friction is 400Nm/rad/sec. CO2 (08)
- b) A negative unity feedback system is having OLTF $G(s)H(s) = \frac{K(s+4)(s+20)}{s^3(s+100)(s+500)}$. Find the range of K from 1 RH criterion for which system stable. CO2 (07)
- c) The transfer function of a system is given by $G(s) = K/(s^2+Kk_1s+K)$. Determine the value of gain K and velocity feedback constant k_1 , so that the maximum overshoot in unit step response is 25% and peak time is 2sec. CO2 (05)

UNIT - III

5. a) Sketch the root locus plot of a unity feedback system with an open-loop transfer function of $G(s)H(s)=K/(s^2+4s+5)$. For values of K ranging from 0 to ∞ . Mark all the salient points on the root locus. CO3 (10)
- b) What is polar plot? Draw the polar plot for a unity negative feedback system whose open-loop transfer function is given by $G(s) = 1/(1+0.1s)$. CO3 (10)
6. a) The open loop transfer function of a control system is given as $G(s)H(s) = \frac{k}{(s+1)(s+10)(s+30)}$. Draw the root locus. Determine the value of K for which the system is critically damped and also the value of K for which the system becomes unstable. CO3 (12)
- b) Derive mathematical expressions for frequency domain specifications: resonant peak, resonant frequency and bandwidth for a second order system. CO3 (08)

UNIT - IV

7. a) Sketch the Nyquist plot for a negative feedback control system having open loop transfer function given by $T.f G(s) = \frac{5}{s(1-s)}$. Determine the stability of the system using Nyquist stability criterion. CO4 (10)
- b) Draw the Bode plot for the transfer function: $T.f H(s) = \frac{100}{S+30}$ CO4 (10)
8. a) Sketch the Nyquist contour and the Nyquist plot for the transfer function $T.f G(s) = \frac{1}{S^2}$. Comment on its stability. CO4 (08)
- b) With reference to Bode plot explain gain margin and phase margin and explain the procedure to determine the same. CO4 (06)
- c) Obtain the transfer function of a lag lead network. CO4 (06)

UNIT - V

9. a) Briefly explain with suitable example the necessity of a controller in a practical control system. CO5 (07)
- b) Explain the behavior of differential controller on the time domain behavior of a control system. CO5 (07)
- c) Write a brief note on the Zeigler-Nichols Method for designing PID controller. CO5 (06)
10. a) With relevant block diagrams explain feed forward and feedback controllers. CO5 (08)
- b) Explain the behavior of integral controller on the time domain behavior of a control system. CO5 (07)
- c) Comment on the effect of poles and zeros in plant transfer function on its stability. CO5 (05)
